



# MATH NEWS



Grade 3, Module 1, Topic F

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Grade Math

Module 1: Properties of Multiplication and Division and Solving Problems with Units of 2-5 and 10

### Math Parent Letter

This document gives parents and students a better understanding of the Eureka math concepts that are taught in the classroom. Module 1 of Eureka Math covers Properties of Multiplication and Division and Solving Problems with Units of 2-5 and 10. This newsletter will discuss Module 1, Topic F.

Topic F Distributive Property and Problem Solving Using Units of 2 – 5 and 10

### Vocabulary Words

- Distributive Property
- Unit

### Things to Remember!!!

A **unit** is a group of the same items. If you have 7 apples, the unit is apples because it is a group of the same thing. In math we can use numbers as units.  $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3$  is the same as 7 threes. There are 7 of the same number (3).

The **distributive property** says that multiplying a number by a group of numbers added together is the same as doing each multiplication separately.

$$\begin{aligned}
 5 \times 5 &= (3 + 2) \times 5 \\
 &= (3 \times 5) + (2 \times 5) \\
 &= 15 + 10 \\
 &= 25
 \end{aligned}$$

## OBJECTIVE OF TOPIC F

- 1 Apply the distributive property to decompose units.
- 2 Solve two-step word problems involving multiplication and division and assess the reasonableness of answers.
- 3 Solve two-step word problems involving all four operations and assess the reasonableness of answers.

## Focus Area– Topic F

Distributive Property and Problem Solving Using Units of 2-5 and 10

Davie used the distributive property to solve a multiplication problem. Look at his work below, write the multiplication problem Davie solved and complete the number bond.

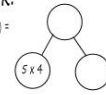
$$(5 \times 4) + (3 \times 4) =$$

Davie adds 5 fours and 3 fours to get his answer.  
5 fours + 3 fours = 8 fours

$$(5 + 3) \times 4 = 8 \times 4 = 32$$

Davie's Work:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (5 \times 4) + (3 \times 4) &= \\
 20 + 12 &= 32
 \end{aligned}$$

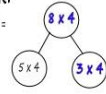


\_\_\_ x \_\_\_ = \_\_\_

Write the multiplication problem and complete the number bond.

Davie's Work:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (5 \times 4) + (3 \times 4) &= \\
 20 + 12 &= 32
 \end{aligned}$$



$$8 \times 4 = 32$$

Complete the equation below to solve  $24 \div 2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

Students will see the same concepts when dividing as they did when multiplying. Students will use smaller facts to solve the larger fact. 24 can be seen as (20 + 4). They will divide the array to show 20 blocks and 4 blocks. 20 divided by 2 is 10, 4 divided by 2 is 2. 10 plus 2 is 12.

Students will begin to solve two step word problems using tape diagrams.

Lacey eats 6 cookies each day at school. On Friday, she drops 2 cookies and only eats 4. Write and solve an equation to show the total number of cookies Lacey eats this week.

We go to school for 5 days a week. Lacey has 6 cookies to eat each day, but on Friday she drops some. So for 4 out of the 5 days she ate 6 cookies.  $4 \times 6 = 24$ . On Friday she only ate 4 cookies,  $24 + 4 = 28$ .